

Installation and user's guide

MULTICAL® 602
& ULTRAFLOW® 54 (H)



Information

Permissible operating conditions / measuring ranges

Heat meter with MID approval:

Calculator	θ : 2 °C...180 °C	$\Delta\theta$: 3K...170K
Temperature sensor set	θ : 2 °C...150 °C	$\Delta\theta$: 3K...140K
Flow meter	θ : 15 °C...130 °C	

MID designation

Mechanical environment

M1 [fixed installation with minimum vibration].

M2 [considerable or high degree of vibration and impact - flow meter only].

Electromagnetic environment

E1 and E2 [housing/light industry and industry]. The meter's signal cables must be drawn at min. 25 cm distance from other installations.

Climatic environment

MULTICAL® must be installed in non-condensing environment and in closed location [indoors]. The ambient temperature must be within 5...55 °C.

Maintenance and repair

The district heating supplier can replace communication module, battery, temperature sensor pair and flow meter.

The flow sensor is verified separately and can, therefore, be separated from the calculator.

Other repairs require subsequent reverification in an accredited laboratory.

MULTICAL® 602, type 602-B/C/D must be connected to a temperature sensor pair type Pt500.

MULTICAL® 602, type 602-A must be connected to a temperature sensor pair type Pt100.

MULTICAL® 602, type 602-A/B/C can be connected to a flow sensor type ULTRAFLOW®, an electronic pick-up unit, or a flow sensor with Reed-switch output.

MULTICAL® 602, type 602-D must be connected to a flow sensor with 24 V active pulse output. Independent of flow sensor type, "pulses/litre" must be the same in flow sensor and calculator.

Battery for replacement

Kamstrup type 1606064.

Installation guide

MULTICAL® 602 & ULTRAFLOW® 54 (H)



Contents

1	General information	4	5	Electrical connection, MULTICAL® and ULTRAFLOW®	10
2	Mounting of temperature sensors	5	5.1	Connection example	10
	2.1 Short direct sensor (DS)	5	5.2	Heat meter with two flow sensors	11
	2.2 Pocket sensor (PL)	5	5.3	Electrical connection of Pulse Transmitter	11
3	Mounting of flow sensor	6	6	Voltage supply of calculator/ Pulse Transmitter	12
	3.1 Mounting of couplings and short direct sensor in flow sensor	6	6.1	Battery supply	12
	3.2 Mounting of ULTRAFLOW® 54 (H) [separately mounted]	7	6.2	Mains modules	12
	3.3 Installation examples (MULTICAL® mounted on ULTRAFLOW® 54 (H))	8	7	Testing of function	13
4	Mounting the calculator	9	8	Information codes "INFO"	14
	4.1 Compact mounting	9	9	Plug-in modules	15
	4.2 Separate/wall mounting	9	9.1	Top modules	15
	4.3 Panel mounting	9	9.2	Base modules	17
			9.3	Module overview	21
			10	Setup via front keys	22

1 General information

 **Read this guide before installing the meter.**

Kamstrup's guarantee obligations do not apply in case of incorrect mounting.

Please note that the following installation conditions must be obeyed:

- Pressure stage ULTRAFLOW®: PN16/PN25, see marking. Flow meter marking does not apply to enclosed accessories.
- Pressure stage, Kamstrup sensor pair type DS: PN16/PN25
- Pressure stage, Kamstrup stainless steel pockets type PL: PN16/PN25

At medium temperature below ambient temperature MULTICAL® 602 must be mounted on a wall.

2 Mounting of temperature sensors

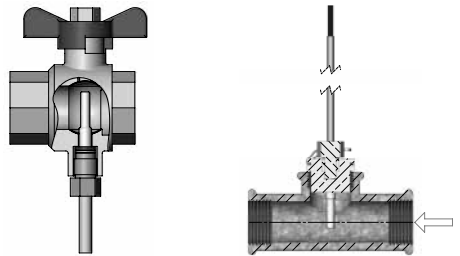
The temperature sensors used for measuring inlet and outlet temperatures respectively, constitute a matched sensor pair, which must never be separated. According to EN 1434/OIML R75, the cable length must not be changed. Should replacement be necessary, both sensors must be replaced.

The sensor marked with a red sign is to be installed in the inlet pipe. The other sensor, marked with a blue sign, is to be installed in the outlet pipe. For mounting in the calculator, see the paragraph "Electrical connection".

Note: The sensor cables must neither be exposed to jerking nor pulling. Please be aware of this when binding the cables, and be careful not to pull the binders unnecessarily tight as this may damage the cables. Please also note that temperature sensors must be mounted from below in cooling and heat/cooling installations.

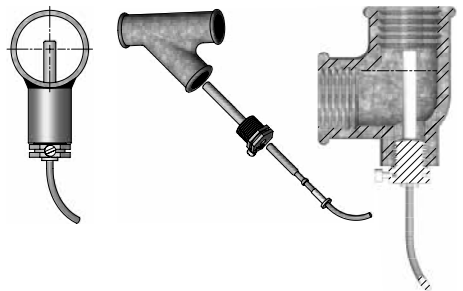
2.1 Short direct sensor (DS)

The short, direct sensors up to DN25 can be mounted in special ball valves with built-in M 10 socket for the short direct sensor. They can also be mounted in installations with standard tee-pieces. Kamstrup A/S can supply R½ and R¾ brass nipples that fit the short direct sensors. The short direct sensor can also be mounted directly in selected flow sensors from Kamstrup A/S. Fasten the sensors' brass unions lightly (approx. 4 Nm) using a 12 mm face wrench, and seal the sensors with seal and locking wire.





2.2 Pocket sensor (PL)

The sensor pockets can be mounted in e.g. a welding sleeve or in a 45° lateral Y-piece. The tip of the sensor pocket must be placed in the middle of the flow. Push the temperature sensors as deep as possible into the pockets. If a short response time is required, "non-hardening" thermally conductive paste can be used. Push the plastic sleeve on the sensor cable into the sensor pocket and secure the cable by means of the enclosed M4 sealing screw. Fasten the screw with your fingers only. Seal the pockets using seal and locking wire.



3 Mounting of flow sensor

Prior to installation of the flow sensor, the system should be flushed and protection plugs/plastic diaphragms removed from the flow sensor.

Correct position of the flow sensor appears either from the calculator's type label or from the display where  indicates the position in inlet, whereas  indicates the position in outlet. The flow direction is symbolised by an arrow on the flow sensor.

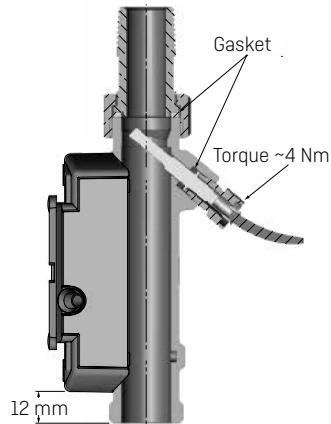
3.1 Mounting of couplings and short direct sensor in flow sensor

The flow sensor can be used in connection with either PN16 or PN25 (see marking).

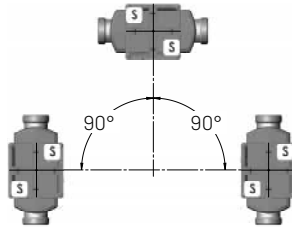
Any provided blind plug, extension and gland can be used with both PN16 and PN25.

In connection with flow sensors with the nominal dimensions G½Bx110 mm and G1Bx110 mm, it must be checked if the thread run-out is sufficient.

Couplings and gaskets are mounted as shown in the figure. Make sure to position the gasket correctly in the recess of the gland as shown in the details excerpt in the figure.



3.2 Mounting of ULTRAFLOW® 54 (H) (separately mounted)



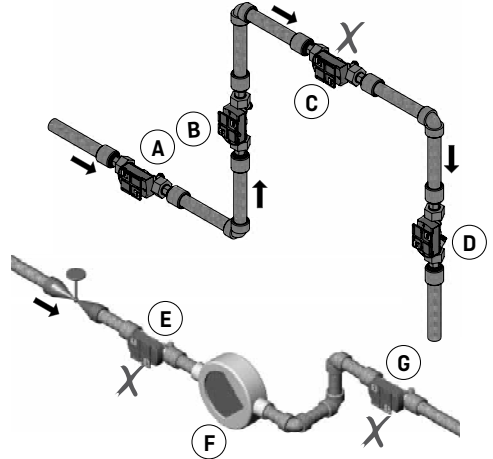
ULTRAFLOW® can be mounted horizontally, vertically, or at an angle.



The plastic casing ought to be placed on the side [at horizontal mounting].

Straight inlet: ULTRAFLOW® neither requires straight inlet nor straight outlet to meet the Measuring Instruments Directive (MID) 2014/32/EU, OIML R75:2002 and EN 1434:2015. A straight inlet section will only be necessary in case of heavy flow disturbances before the sensor. It is recommended to follow the guidelines based on CEN CR 13582.

- A** Recommended position.
- B** Recommended position.
- C** Unacceptable position due to risk of air build-up.
- D** Acceptable position in closed systems.
- E** Ought not to be placed immediately after a valve, with the exception of block valves (ball valve type) which must be fully open when not used for blocking.
- F** Ought not to be placed immediately before or after a pump.
- G** Ought not to be placed immediately after a double bend in two planes.



In order to prevent cavitation the back pressure (the pressure at the flow meter outlet) at ULTRAFLOW® must be min. 1,0 bar at q_p and min. 2,0 bar at q_s . This applies to temperatures up to approx. 80 °C.

ULTRAFLOW® must not be exposed to lower pressure than ambient pressure (vacuum).

3.3 Installation examples (MULTICAL® mounted on ULTRAFLOW® 54 (H))

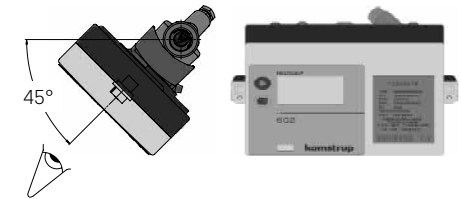
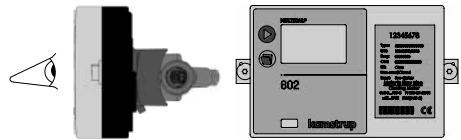
Installation on an ascending pipe

When installing ULTRAFLOW® on an ascending pipe, it can be of advantage to turn ULTRAFLOW® $\pm 360^\circ$ around the pipe axis to optimise the readability of the MULTICAL® display at direct mounting of MULTICAL® on ULTRAFLOW®.



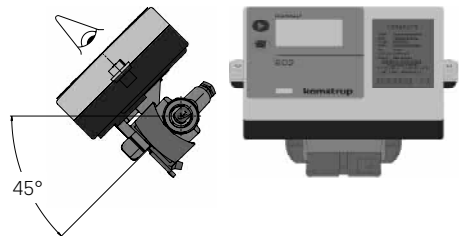
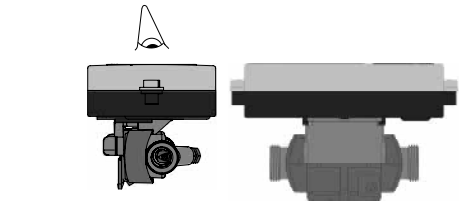
Installation at eye level or higher

In case of installations above eye level, it can be of advantage to turn ULTRAFLOW® -45° downwards to optimise the readability of the MULTICAL® display at direct mounting of MULTICAL® on ULTRAFLOW®.

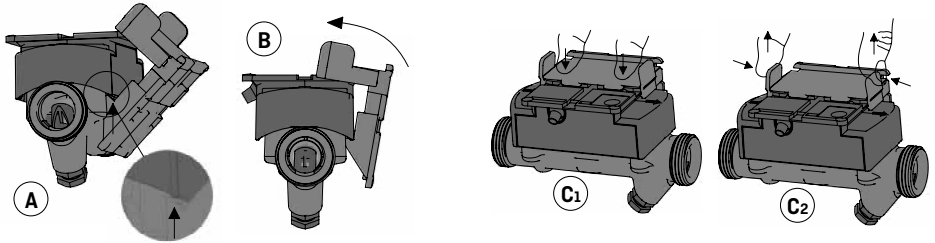


Installation at ground level

In case of installations at ground level, it can be of advantage to mount MULTICAL® directly on ULTRAFLOW® by means of the provided angle fitting (3.3.1 *Mounting of angle fitting*, page 9). ULTRAFLOW® can be turned -45° downwards to optimise the readability of the MULTICAL® display.



3.3.1 Mounting of angle fitting



- A** Place the angle fitting on the lower edge of the plastic casing. Both sides of the plastic casing can be used.
- B** Turn the angle fitting, and place it on the plastic casing.
- C** Lock the click lock by finger push [C₁]. The lock can be reopened by finger push and pull [C₂].

4 Mounting the calculator

The MULTICAL® 602 calculator can be mounted in 3 different ways:

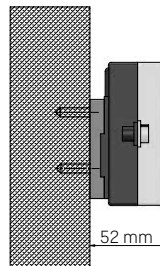
4.1 Compact mounting

The calculator is mounted on the flow meter either directly or by using the provided angle fitting. Having been mounted, the calculator is sealed with seal and locking wire. If there is a risk of condensation, the calculator must be wall mounted. *In addition, see item 3.2 Mounting of ULTRAFLOW® 54 (H) [separately mounted], page 7 and 3.3 Installation examples [MULTICAL® mounted on ULTRAFLOW® 54 (H)], page 8.*

4.2 Separate/wall mounting

In connection with mounting in condensing environments as well as in order to prolong the battery lifetime, we recommend the use of a wall fitting.

The wall fitting makes it possible to mount MULTICAL® 602 direct on an even wall. Use the fitting as a template to mark and drill two 6 mm holes in the wall.



4.3 Panel mounting

MULTICAL® 602 can be mounted direct in panels and control panels, via Kamstrup's panel mounting kit, No. 66-99-104 [192 x 144 mm].

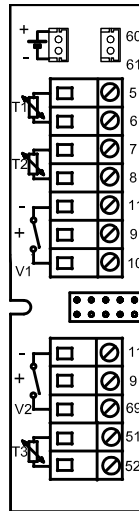
5 Electrical connection, MULTICAL® and ULTRAFLOW®

The polarity of the temperature sensors T1, T2 and T3 is unimportant

For flow sensors V1 and V2 the below-mentioned colours are used when connecting ULTRAFLOW® and electronic pick-up units.

Flow sensors with reed switch output are connected to terminals 11-10 and 11-69 respectively.

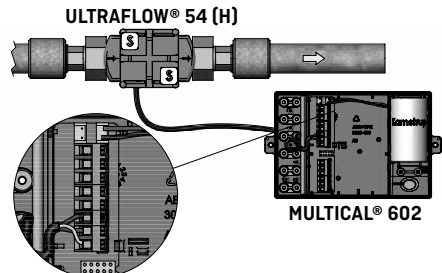
	V1	V2	
-	11	11	Blue
+	9	9	Red
SIG	10	69	Yellow



Terminal no.	Standard heat and cooling measurement	Heat measurement and leak surveillance	Energy measurement in open systems
T1 5-6	Sensor in inlet (red)	Sensor in inlet (red)	Sensor in inlet (red)
T2 7-8	Sensor in outlet (blue)	Sensor in outlet (blue)	Sensor in outlet (blue)
V1 11-9-10	Flow meter in inlet or outlet	Flow meter in inlet	Flow meter in inlet
V2 11-9-69	-	Flow meter in outlet	Flow meter in outlet
T3 51-52	-	Tank/exchanger temp., if any	Reference sensor (grey)

5.1 Connection example

Examples of connection of ULTRAFLOW® and MULTICAL® (battery supplied).



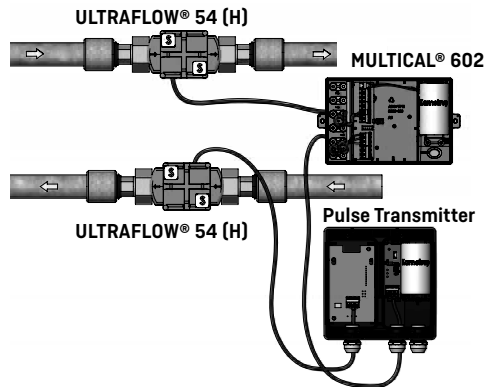
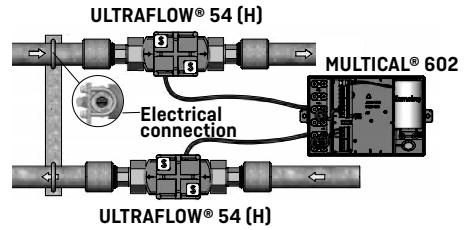
5.2 Heat meter with two flow sensors

MULTICAL® can be used in various applications with two flow sensors, including leak surveillance and open systems. When two ULTRAFLOW® are direct connected to one MULTICAL®, a close electric coupling between the two pipes ought to be carried out as a main rule. If the two pipes are installed in a heat exchanger close to the flow sensors, however, the heat exchanger will provide the necessary electric coupling.

- Forward and return pipes are closely electrically coupled.
- No welded joints occur.

In installations where the electric coupling is not possible or welding in the pipe system can occur, the cable from one ULTRAFLOW® must go through a Pulse Transmitter with galvanic separation before the cable enters MULTICAL®.

- Forward and return pipes are not necessarily closely coupled.
- Electric welding* can occur.



5.3 Electrical connection of Pulse Transmitter

If ULTRAFLOW® is used together with foreign equipment, it must be connected through a Pulse Transmitter or Pulse Divider. See instructions No. 5512-1421 (GB) for further information.

* Electric welding must always be carried out with the earth pole closest to the welding point. Damage to meters due to welding is **not** comprised by our factory warranty.

6 Voltage supply of calculator/Pulse Transmitter

MULTICAL® 602 can be powered by a built-in lithium battery or an integral 24 VAC or 230 VAC mains module.

The battery or mains module is mounted via a two-pole plug in the calculator terminal.

For Pulse Transmitter the supply module/battery is connected via a two-pole plug. See installation instructions No. 5512-1421 for further information.

6.1 Battery supply

MULTICAL® 602 is connected to a lithium battery, D-cell. The battery is marked with installation year, e.g. 2014, as well as production date.

Optimal battery lifetime is obtained by keeping the battery temperature below 30 °C, e.g. by wall mounting.

The voltage of a lithium battery is almost constant throughout the lifetime of the battery (approx. 3.65 V). Therefore, it is not possible to determine the remaining capacity of the battery by measuring the voltage.

The battery cannot and must not be charged and may only be short-circuited briefly (max. 2 seconds). Used batteries must be handed in for approved destruction, e.g. at Kamstrup A/S, for further information, see the document about handling and disposal of lithium batteries (5510-408).

6.2 Mains modules

The modules are protection class II. They are connected by means of a two-wire cable (without earth) through the cable bush of the calculator placed in the right side of the connecting base. Use connecting cable with 5-10 mm outer diameter and ensure correct dismantling as well as correct mounting of cable relief.

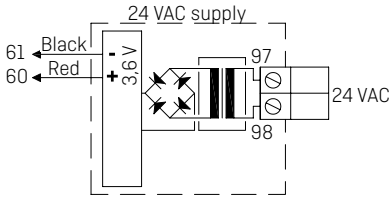
Max. permitted fuse: 6 A.

National regulations for electric installations must be observed.

6.2.1 High-power supply modules

These modules are galvanically separated from the mains supply. The modules include a Switch Mode Power Supply (SMPS), which fulfils double-isolation requirements when the calculator top is mounted. The modules are available in two variants with either 24 VAC or 230 VAC connection.

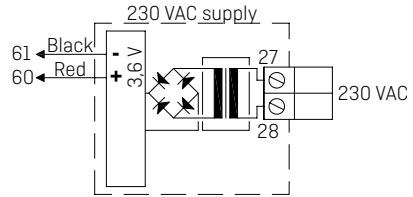
6.2.2 Isolated linear supply modules



24 VAC

For instance 230/24 V transformer, type 66-99-403, can be used.

Note: MULTICAL® 602 cannot be powered by 24 VDC.



230 VAC

This module is used in connection with direct mains connection.

Note: External supply shall only be connected to the supply module.

7 Testing of function

Carry out an operational check when the energy meter has been fully mounted. Open thermoregulators and valves to establish water flow through the heating system. Activate the top key of MULTICAL® 602 and check that the displayed values for temperatures and water flow are credible values.

Important notice for the installation:

When the installation has been completed and there is volume flow in the system, it is necessary to activate the front key until the info code is displayed, and then wait for 15-20 seconds for the info code status of the connected flow sensor(s) to be updated. When the meter is left at info code display reading, the meter will continue to update the meter status every 10 seconds, for a period of 4 min., before returning to the first display reading. This updating sequence can be activated maximum 25 times pr. day (24 h.), but the sequence will only start if the meter is kept at the info code reading for more than 15-20 seconds.

If this is omitted, the status of the connected flow meter(s) cannot be (remotely) read until the day after the meter was installed (i.e. after 00:00:10 meter time).

8 Information codes "INFO"

MULTICAL® 602 constantly monitors a number of important functions. In case of a serious error in measuring system or installation, "INFO" is displayed and an info-code can be read by activating the top front key until the measuring unit says "INFO". The info code is only displayed when the error is present.

Info code	Description	Response time
0	No irregularities	-
1	Supply voltage has been interrupted	-
8	Temperature sensor T1 outside measuring range	1...10 min.
4	Temperature sensor T2 outside measuring range	1...10 min.
32	Temperature sensor T3 outside measuring range	1...10 min.
64	Leak in cold water system	24 hours
256	Leak in heating system	24 hours
512	Burst in heating system	120 s.
	ULTRAFLOW® info (active when CCC=4XX)	
16	Flow sensor V1, communication error	After one day (at 00:00)
1024	Flow sensor V2, communication error	After one day (at 00:00)
2048	Flow sensor V1, wrong pulse figure	After one day (at 00:00)
128	Flow sensor V2, wrong pulse figure	After one day (at 00:00)
4096	Flow sensor V1, signal too weak (air)	After one day (at 00:00)
8192	Flow sensor V2, signal too weak (air)	After one day (at 00:00)
16384	Flow sensor V1, wrong flow direction	After one day (at 00:00)
32768	Flow sensor V2, wrong flow direction	After one day (at 00:00)

If a number of info codes appear at a time, the sum of info codes is displayed. If e.g. both temperature sensors are outside measuring range, info code 12 is displayed.

9 Plug-in modules

MULTICAL® 602 can be extended by a wide range of extra functions by means of plug-in modules. The individual modules are briefly described below.

9.1 Top modules

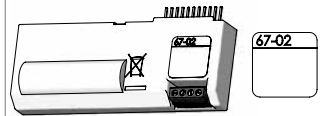
Type 67-02: ΔEnergy calculation and hourly data logger

This top module calculates the difference between inlet and outlet energy, whereby an expression of the tapped energy in open systems is obtained.

Differential energy $dE = E4 - E5$.

The module also includes an hourly data logger.

The connection terminals of this module are not used.

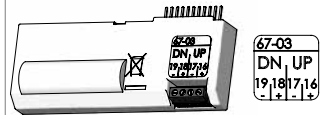


Type 67-03: PQT-limiter + hourly data logger

The module has two pulse outputs which can be used for UP/DOWN control of a low-speed three-point motor-operated valve via an external solid-state relay, type S75-90-006 and a 230/24 V transformer, type 66-99-403. The required power and flow limits are entered into MULTICAL® 602 by means of the PC-program METERTOOL.

Also see instructions: 5512-498.

The module includes an hourly data logger too.



Type 67-05: Data output + hourly data logger

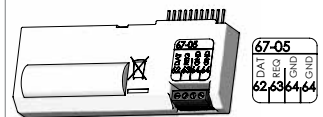
The module has a galvanically separated data port which functions together with the KMP protocol. The data output can be used for e.g. connection of external communication units or other hardwired data communication which it is not expedient to carry out via optical communication on the meter's front.

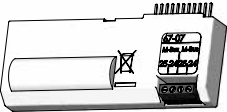

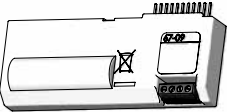

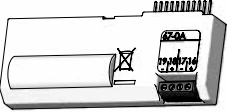

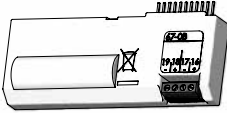

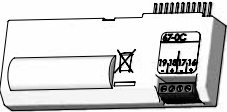

62: DATA (brown)–63:REQ (white)–64: GND (green). Use data cable type 66-99-106 with 9-pole D-sub or type 66-99-098 with USB connector.

The module includes an hourly data logger.

Only current and accumulated data can be read.

Hourly/daily/monthly/yearly data loggers cannot be read through the data port of top module 67-05.

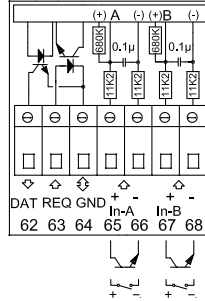


<p>Type 67-07: M-Bus</p> <p>M-Bus can be connected in star, ring and bus topology. Depending on M-Bus Master and cable length/cross section, up to 250 meters with primary addressing can be connected, and even more using secondary addressing.</p> <p>Cable resistance in network: < 29 Ohm Cable capacity of network: < 180 nF</p> <p>The connection polarity of terminals 24-25 is un-important.</p> <p>Usually the primary address is identical with the last digits of the customer number (000-250). However, it can be changed by means of the PC program, METERTOOL.</p>	 
<p>Type 67-09: ΔVolume calculation and hourly data logger</p> <p>This top module calculates the difference between inlet and outlet volume, whereby an expression of the tapped volume in open systems is obtained.</p> <p>Differential volume $dV=V1-V2$.</p> <p>The module also includes an hourly data logger.</p> <p>The connection terminals are not used in this module.</p>	 
<p>Type 67-0A: 2 pulse outputs for CE and CV + hourly data logger + scheduler</p> <p>The top module has the same functions as top module 602-0C. Furthermore, the module can simulate a cold water temperature according to a programmed scheduler, in which T2, T3 or T4 can be programmed with up to 12 individual dates/temperatures per year.</p>	 
<p>Type 67-0B: 2 pulse outputs for CE and CV + prog. data logger</p> <p>The RTC and pulse output functions of this top module are identical with the functions described for top module 602-0C (see below).</p> <p>The top module is prepared for use in a Kamstrup radio network together with High Power RadioRouter base module 6020084, read data being transferred to the system software via the network unit RF Concentrator.</p>	 
<p>Type 602-0C: 2 pulse outputs for CE and CV</p> <p>This top module has two configurable pulse outputs, which are suitable for volume and energy pulses for heat meters, cooling meters and combined heat/cooling meters.</p> <p>The pulse resolution follows the display (determined by the CCC code). E.g. CCC=119 (q_p 1,5): 1 pulse/kWh and 1 pulse/0.01 m³.</p> <p>The pulse outputs are optoisolated and withstand 30 VDC and 10 mA.</p> <p>Normally energy (CE) is connected to 16-17 and volume (CV) to 18-19, but other combinations can be selected by means of the PC program METERTOOL HCW, which is also used for selecting the pulse duration at either 32 or 100 ms.</p>	 

9.2 Base modules

9.2.1 Data + pulse inputs, type 67-00-10

The data terminals are used for connection of e.g. a PC. The signal is passive and galvanically separated by means of optocouplers. Conversion into RS232 level requires connection of data cable 66-99-106 (D-Sub 9F) or 66-99-098 (USB) using the following connections:



62	Brown	(DAT)
63	White	(REQ)
64	Green	(GND)

The pulse inputs can be used for connection of electricity and water meters.

Please pay attention to maximum pulse frequency as well as correct pulse coding (l/imp. and Wh/imp.), which is selected by means of the FF and GG configuration.

65 - 66	Input A
67 - 68	Input B

9.2.2 M-Bus + pulse inputs, type 67-00-20/27/28/29

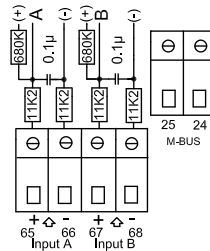
M-Bus can be mounted in star, ring or bus topology. Up to 250 meters can be connected depending on the M-Bus Master's power supply and the total cable resistance.

Cable resistance < 29 Ohm

Cable capacity < 180 nF

The M-Bus network is connected on terminals 24 and 25. The polarity is unimportant.

M-Bus comes with pulse inputs.



9.2.3 Radio + pulse inputs, 67-00-21/25/26

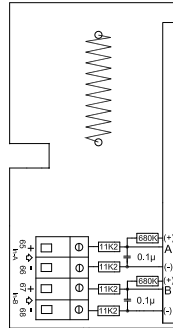
The radio module is used for wireless communication via licence-free radio frequency and can be supplied with internal antenna or with connection for external antenna.

For further information on radio we refer to Technical description for radio [5512-013].

The pulse inputs of this module are identical with the previously described pulse inputs.

Note: Type 67-00-21 includes radio and router functions.

The RadioRouter module [67-00-21] must be used with mains supply.



9.2.4 Prog. data logger + RTC + 4...20 mA inputs + pulse inputs, type 67-00-22

The module has connection possibility for two pressure transmitters on terminals 57, 58 and 59 and can be adjusted for current reading or pressure range 6, 10 or 16 bar.

The module is prepared for remote reading, data from meter/module being transferred to the system software via the external GSM/GPRS modem connected on terminals 62, 63 and 64.

Furthermore, the module has two extra pulse inputs, VA and VB.

The module must be powered by 24 VAC.

9.2.5 Analog outputs, type 67-00-23

See installation instructions 5512-369 [DK-GB-DE].

9.2.6 LonWorks + pulse inputs, type 67-00-24

See installation instructions 5512-396 [DK] or 5512-403 [GB].

9.2.7 Wireless M-Bus + pulse inputs, type 602-00-30/602-00-35/602-00-38

The radio module has been designed to form part of the hand-held Wireless M-Bus Reader systems of Kamstrup A/S at license-free radio frequency [868 MHz].

The module fulfils the C-mode specifications of EN13757-4 and can thus form part of other systems using Wireless M-Bus C-mode communication.

The radio module comes with internal antenna and external antenna connection as well as two pulse inputs, which are identical with the previously described pulse inputs.

The Wireless M-Bus radio transmitter is switched off on dispatch from the factory. It turns on automatically when one litre of water has run through the meter. The radio transmitter can also be switched on by means of a forced dial-up to the meter [keep both front keys pressed for approx. 5 s until CALL is displayed].

9.2.8 ZigBee® + pulse inputs, type 67-00-60

The ZigBee® module is used for wireless communication and can form part of a remote reading system, in which several units can communicate with each other.

The pulse inputs of this module are identical with the previously described pulse inputs.

The ZigBee® module requires mains supply.

9.2.9 Metasys N2 + pulse inputs, type 67-00-62

The N2 module is used for data communication between meter and N2 Master in a Johnson Controls System.

The RS485 port is galvanically separated from the meter.

The pulse inputs of this module are identical with the previously described pulse inputs.

The N2 module requires mains supply.

9.2.10 SIOX module (Auto detect Baud rate), type 602-00-64

SIOX is used for data reading of small and medium-sized groups of meters via cable, the data readings being presented by the main system, e.g. MCom, Fix or Telefrang. Further information on these systems can be ordered from the supplier in question. Furthermore, a configuration tool is available from Telefrang.

The two-wire serial SIOX bus connection is optoisolated from the meter and is connected without regard to polarity (i.e. the polarity is unimportant). The module is powered by the SIOX bus.

Communication speed between 300 and 19,200 baud. The module automatically uses the highest possible communication speed. The module converts data from KMP protocol to SIOX protocol.

9.2.11 BACnet® + pulse inputs, type 67-00-66

The BACnet® module communicates with BACnet® on MS/TP via RS-485 as a master/slave or slave device.

The BACnet® module transfers a number of both actual data as well as accumulated data.

Furthermore, info codes for general alarm, flow error, temperature error, water leakage, pipe burst, air in system, and wrong flow direction can be transmitted to the BACnet® Controller.

The two pulse inputs allow connection and reading of two additional meters for e.g. water and electricity with pulse output.

9.2.12 Modbus RS485 RTU* Slave Module + pulse inputs, type 67-00-67

The Modbus base module for MULTICAL® ensures a simple integration of Kamstrups heat, cooling and water meters into Modbus based systems. Modbus is an open, widespread and well established serial communication protocol used within building automation.

Further details about the Modbus module appear from data sheet (*DK: 5810-1267, GB: 5810-1253, DE: 5810-1268, FR: 5810-1317*).

* RTU: Remote Terminal Unit

9.2.13 GSM/GPRS module (GSM6H), type 602-00-80

The GSM/GPRS module functions as transparent communication path between reading software and MULTICAL® 602 and is used for data reading. The module includes an external dual-band GSM antenna which must be used. The module itself includes a number of light emitting diodes indicating the signal level, which are very useful during installation. The GSM/GPRS module must be used together with high-power mains supply (230 VAC: 602-00-00-2 and 24 VAC: 602-00-00-3).

9.2.14 3G module (GSM8H 3G), type 602-00-81

Like GSM6H, the module functions as a transparent communication route between readout software and MULTICAL® 602 and is used for data reading.

However, this module supports both 2G (GSM/GPRS) and 3G (UMTS), which also makes it applicable in areas where there is only 3G coverage.

The module must always be used together with an external antenna that covers both 900 MHz, 1800 MHz and 2100 MHz. The module is equipped with a number of light emitting diodes that indicate the signal level, which is very useful during installation. In addition, it is indicated whether the module is connected to a 2G or 3G network.

For further details about the 3G module, see datasheets (*DK: 5810-1057, GB: 5810-1058, DE: 5810-1059, FI: 5810-1061, SE: 5810-1060*).

For further details about installation, see installation guides (*DK: 5512-1306, GB: 5512-1407, DE: 5512-1408*).

The 3G module must be used together with High Power mains supply (230 VAC: 602-00-00-3 and 24 VAC: 602-00-00-4).

9.2.15 Ethernet/IP module (IP201), type 602-00-82

The IP module functions as transparent communication between reading software and MULTICAL® 602 and is used for data reading. The Module supports both dynamic and static addressing. This is specified in the order or selected during subsequent configuration. The module has no built-in security and must, therefore, always be used in connection with a firewall or NAT. The Ethernet/IP module must be used together with high-power mains supply (230 VAC: 602-00-00-3 and 24 VAC: 602-00-00-4).

9.2.16 High-Power RadioRouter + pulse inputs, type 602-00-84

The High-Power RadioRouter module has built-in router functionality and is thus optimized to form part of a Kamstrup radio network, the read data being automatically transferred to system software via the network unit RF Concentrator. Furthermore, the module can be read by Kamstrup's hand-held reading systems, e.g. USB Meter Reader and MULTITERM Pro.

The RadioRouter module is available for operation in both licence-free and licence demanding frequencies permitting a transmitting strength of up to 500 mW. The module is by default fitted with internal antenna, connection for external antenna, and two extra pulse inputs. The High Power RadioRouter module (602-00-84) must be used together with the High Power mains supply (230 VAC: 602-00-00-3 and 24 VAC: 602-00-00-4).

9.3 Module overview

MULTICAL® 602 Communication modules #2


Type No.	Description	Module No.
67-02	RTC + Δ energy calculation + hourly data logger	5550-860
67-03	RTC + P, Q or Δt limiter + hourly data logger	5550-860
67-05	RTC + data output + hourly data logger	5550-904
67-07	RTC + M-Bus	5550-838
67-09	RTC + Δ volume + hourly data logger	5550-860
67-0A	RTC + 2 pulse outputs for CE and CV + hourly data logger + scheduler	5550-860
67-0B	RTC + 2 pulse outputs for CE and CV + prog. data logger	5550-942
602-0C	2 pulse outputs for CE and CV	5550-1163

MULTICAL® 602 Communication modules #1

Type No.	Description	Module No.
67-00-10	Data + pulse inputs	5550-369
67-00-20	M-Bus + pulse inputs	5550-831
67-00-21	RadioRouter + pulse inputs	5550-805
67-00-22	Prog. data logger + RTC + 4...20 mA inputs + pulse inputs	5550-925
67-00-23	0/4...20 mA outputs	5550-1005
67-00-24	LonWorks, FTT-10A + pulse inputs	5550-1128
67-00-25	Radio + pulse inputs (internal antenna)	5550-608
67-00-26	Radio + pulse inputs (for external antenna)	5550-640
67-00-27	M-Bus module with alternative registers + pulse inputs	5550-997
67-00-28	M-Bus module with medium data package + pulse inputs	5550-1104
67-00-29	M-Bus module with MULTICAL® III data package + pulse inputs	5550-1125
602-00-30	Wireless M-Bus, C1, standard registers, encrypted, 868 MHz, internal and external antennas, pulse inputs	5550-1205
602-00-35	Wireless M-Bus, C1, alternative registers, encrypted, 868 MHz, internal and external antennas, pulse inputs	5550-1206
602-00-38	Wireless M-Bus, C1, fixed network, encrypted, 868 MHz, internal and external antenna + pulse inputs	5550-1356
67-00-60	ZigBee® 2.4 GHz internal antenna + pulse inputs	5550-992
67-00-62	Metasys N2 (RS-485) + pulse inputs	5550-1110
602-00-64	SIOX module (Auto detect baud rate)	5920-193
67-00-66	BACnet MS/TP (B-ASC) RS-485 + pulse inputs	5550-1240
67-00-67	Modbus RTU + pulse inputs	5550-1277
602-00-80	GSM/GPRS module (GSM6H)	5550-1137
602-00-81	3G GSM/GPRS module (GSM8H)	5550-1209
602-00-82	Ethernet/IP module (IP201)	5550-844
602-00-84	High Power Radio Router + pulse inputs	5550-1116


10 Setup via front keys

Date, time and primary M-Bus address can be adjusted by means of the keys on the calculator's front.

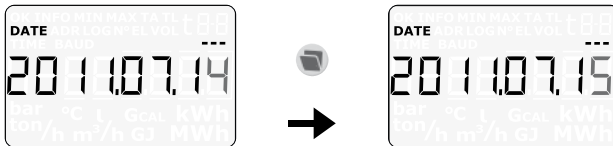
- 1 Select the desired view on the display.
- 2 Lift off the calculator top.
- 3 Wait until the meter has shut down (up to 2.5 minutes). Do not press any keys.
- 4 While remounting the calculator top, keep the main key activated  until there are no more lines in the display.
- 5 The setup menu is now active.


Having activated the setup menu the reading you want to change is displayed with the rightmost digit flashing:





The value of the flashing digit can be changed by pressing the sub-key .


The digit is increased by one each time the key is pressed, and passing 9 you start from 0:



Pressing the main key  you go to the next digit from right to left:



The active digit flashes and this digit can now be changed by pressing the sub-key . You go to the first digit on the right by means of the main key .

When the value of the reading has been changed you quit by pressing the main key  continuously for approx. 10 seconds.

It should be checked whether the value is valid for the reading in question. If so, the value is saved and an "OK" symbol is displayed. If not, the old value is maintained, no "OK" symbol appears, and the display reverts to legal reading.

User guide

Energy Measurement


MULTICAL® 602 functions in the following way:


The flow sensor registers the amount of district heating water circulating through the heating system in m³ [cubic metres].

The temperature sensors placed in inlet and outlet pipes, register the cooling, i.e. the difference between input and output temperatures.

MULTICAL® 602 calculates consumed energy based on volume of district heating water and cooling.

Readings

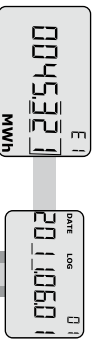
When the top front key  is activated, a new reading appears.

The lower front key  displays historical readings and average values.

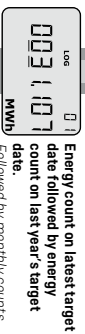
Four minutes after the latest activation of the front key the meter automatically switches to consumed energy.

Displays

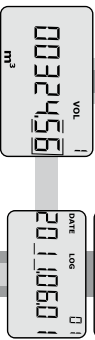
Consumed energy in kWh,
MWh or GJ.



Latest target date.



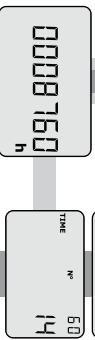
Energy count on latest target date followed by energy count on last year's target date.
Followed by monthly counts.



Latest target date.




Volume count on latest target date followed by volume count on last year's target date.
Followed by monthly counts.



Number of hours with errors.

Current inlet temperature.

 Activate  to view yearly and monthly average values.

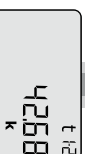


Current outlet temperature.

 Activate  to view yearly and monthly average values.

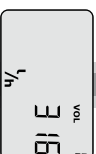


Current differential temperature (cooling).





Current water flow.

 Activate  to see this year's max value as well as yearly and monthly logging values.



Current heat-flow rate.

 Activate  to see this year's max value as well as yearly and monthly logging values. Followed by accumulated water consumption at inputs A and B and tariff registers TA2 and TA3.

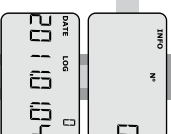


Current information code.

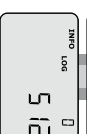
[Contact your district heating company if the value differs from 01.]



Reading of number of INFO code events.



Data logger shows date...



... and then the INFO codes of the latest 36 events.



